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THE BRITISH COLONIST

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TERMS -CASH.

THE FRASER MINES VINDICATED; OR THE HISTORY OF FOUR MONTHS. By ALPRED WADDINGTON.

issued from the press, written by a gentleman not unknown in literary circles. The Island and British Columbia; gives a front what has been done there. crs which have been committed by various parties, and to which, in a great
siding influences of monopoly, shall welthen have been totally unfounded. ous parties, and to which, in a great stifling influences of monopoly, shall we them have been totally unfounded, and emigrants away once more and make us measure, may be attributed the slight flud so much progress in four short I may truly say that, under a different lose the advantages of another year. depression in our affairs; and suggests months as in Victoria? Where now are regime, the almost superhuman difficul-a number of remedies which, if applied at her rivals, Port Townsend, Watcom, Seties we have had to contend with would done, and the progress of this favored once, will assist materially in bringing home, and the two Semiahmoos, for have been overcome, and our short his country will be as sure as it will be back the thousands who have left our

We give below one or two rather interesting extracts from the work spoken of, which is neatly printed, and well worth

convinced, (and I am speaking to those rous frame houses and stores, besides been brought to our senses, and some abroad, for those here know it well), that those going up, twenty orthirty restau- of us have been taught the lessons of adthe disappointments attending this un- rants and coffee houses, steamboats built versity. Over speculation is at an end, fortunate gold crusade have had nothing and launched, in short all the beginnings and land agents in despair. A flock of to do with the existence of the gold itself. of a large city. Where a more orderly men, the scouts of civilization, and who in the Hants election, which ended unand that in presence of the numerous population, or more law-abiding? Where would have converted this country into obstacles which have had to be contended in the United States a city without taxes, a second California, have left our shores. with, the quantity so far extracted may lawyers, or public debt? Where in the Many immigrants too, of a much better compare most favorably with the beginn- United States the town or city, where class, but who were not suited to the ings of any other gold field, and is of there is more money to be made, even country, have left us. Men who wantitself a sufficient proof of its abundance.

now, by the industrious trader or craftsed impossibilities—Miners who have he left. If the above calculations could ave been carried down to the present date (Nov. 45) this would have been still more apparent; but it is becoming still more apparent; but it is becoming an a whole territory possessing the greatest possible facilities for internal communications and commerce, without transpring the strictions or monopoly to cope with the armal premium, to avoid the expense of the Express.

"Moreover, and with respect to the

"Moreover, and with respect to the thre yield, hardly a spot beyond the makes a thrust at the army of scribblers abroad; all the assertions of those who the whole country, and now within a fortnight bank diggings have been dismissepresenting every thing connected by the strength of the gold in our mountains, and those dismissepresenting every thing connected who are gone will soon be replaced by overed extending on both sides of the with

Fraser to the feot of the mountains, inworked before long on this side of the

" So much for the gold mines. And now taking a farewell look at Victoria,

"We will say nothing of its climate there been so many streets laid out, built page. up and some of them graded, macadam-ized, planked, and even lighted up, as dained that it should be otherwise, and in Victoria? Eight substantial wharves that our exaggerated dreams of prospercarried out into the harbour, two brick ity, our cashes in the air should be rough-Every candid reader will new be hotels and other brick buildings, name-Indeed the state of the country has alone man who is at all decently started in their wives and children, their homes indered a much greater quantity from his business, than in Victoria? And as their claims with which to gain an inde eing taken out; and the steady increase a proof, rents are higher at this mo-the amount coming down, and which ment than in San Francisco, and in spite congenial climate in California, were Il probably amount to near 500,000 of the sudden revulsion in business and not the men to stop-here. Besides they of the sudden revuision in business and had been spoiled, and no ordinary gains for November; though with a the departure of so many jobbers and had been spoiled, and no ordinary gains clatively small number of miners, and traders, there are scarcely six business could satisfy them. Nordid we want so If the impediments of the winter season stores empty. A proof, bye the bye, many jobbers and importers. Where to compete with, adds a new proof to that the prosperity of the country could goods can be thrown into the market he fact. If the above calculations could do without them. Could San Francisco from San Francisco in a fortnight, specu-

cement:

"It is to the newspapers of San Fran-another population as active, more hardy cluding thousands of acres. These are cisce that, with one or two exceptions, and less ambitious. Let that population in fact a species of dry diggings, but it is we owe our had name abroad, and the once reach our shores, and measures be beyond doubt that the other kind of dry consequent check on foreign emigration. taken to encourage them, foreigners or diggings exist plentifully in the north; If I recollect right there exists in San not. Let miners be allowed to make and indeed they have been found where- Francisco an association, which has not their own bye-laws and regulations for ever the miner has been able to search been over successful, for the promotion each bar or district, subject to the approfor them with any persistency. Again, of immigration. The newspapers have bation of a council of miners; instead of leads of gold quartz are well known to done better than the association, for they starving them out, let the country be enexist on Pitt river, and quite latterly have succeeded not only in stopping all tirely thrown open, so that provisions coarse geld has been discovered 60 miles our immigration, but in keeping it to may be as cheap as possible in the intecoarse gold has been discovered on miles out themselves. Much could be said on their fier, and let the tax on goodsbe modi-up the Squamish river, on Howe's Sound; themselves. Much could be said on their fier, and let the tax on goodsbe modi-leaving little doubt that gold will be way of treating every thing in this coun-fled, so as to be levied on the superfluitry, but their strictures have been so ties and not on the necessaries of life. evidently tinetured with jealousy that it Let every one be allowed to buy land would be hardly worth while; and as to at American prices and not at five doltheir correspondents, some of their letters lars an acre; and instead of throwing work treats, as its title indicates, of mat-and though comparisons are said to be have been so ridiculous, not to say obstacles in the way of the colonist, give ters concerning the interests of Vancouver invidious, let us recapitulate and con-worse, that I rather suspect they must the poor bona fide settler a right of prehave been tinetured with rum.

which so much has been done or attempt-tory instead of being chequered with ed? Where in so short a time have reverses would have presented a brighter

In the following paragraph the author still, a good aftergrowth of hope before the makes a thrust at the army of scribblers. The truth is already spreading the who are gone will soon be replaced by

emption, and a premium of land, taken "Assuredly there has been enough to from the wild waste, to the deserving

> Nova Scotia .- The Tories and Liber rais are working lustily for the "loaves and fishes." The late election for two members of the Lower House, resulted in favor of the Liberals. W. Forman, been removed, and Mr. Laurie appointed in his place. The Government charge him with incompetency. The Opposition say he was removed for interfering favorably to the government.

Religious feeling is enlisted in support of each party. A Protestant alliance is ranked on the side of the Liberals. The Catholic influence, one-fifth of the population, supports the Johnston adminis-

The Hon. Dr. Tupper, Hon. R. B. Dickey and W. A. Henry, Esq., have been appointed delegates to England on the subject of an Inter-Colonial Rate

It appears that just now there is great xcitement in Canada. The Bowman-

ney enough to build to be constructed by was a cently repre nial Office by Lore

A. DE COSMOS, Editor.

SATURDAY, DEC. 41, 4858.

In introducing the "BRITISH COL-ONIST" to the public we are expected to give a bird's-eye view of the course called to speak of efficiency or ineffi-ereign. To day he would have been the Fraser's river. A more necessary meas we intend to pursue. To this reason- ciency in any department of the pub-most popular man in these colonies. able demand we cheerfully submit, and trust that when we have done so.

We shall applaud merit. His life would have been honored; his one more worthy of commendation, and trust that when we have done so.

We shall applaud merit. His life would have been honored; his one more worthy of commendation. But why were not greater responsibilities. our readers and patrons.

er foster that loyalty which is due to and institutions. the parent government, and deteries and the mother country.

The great colonial issues of the day In discussing the acts of the Executive than unpopular, and unsuccessful. will from time to time engage our at- of Vancouver's Island and of British Co-

shall aim at introducing such reforms by the advice of his ministry.

Columbia we shall take a deep and these colonies.

be made to increase our population, ces, history would have ranked him with navigation." to foster agriculture, to develope our mines and our fisheries, and promote the interests of commerce and manual factures.

Such were not the measures would have bright jewel to the British Crown. If adhere in the temple of fame. Some responsibility was taken. factures.

We shall ever be found on the side able. our plan will meet the expectations of of law and order. Any attempt to Unfortunately for these colonies Gov. our friends, and merit the support of cender life or property insecure, or longits was not equal to the occasion. to interfere with the prompt and cer lie wanted to serve his country with to the Executive than any one else. The We intend, with the help of a gene- tain administration of justice, will be honor, and at the same time preserve reason is patent: "The exclusive claim We intend, with the help of a generation administration of justice, will be rous public, to make the "British sternly rebused, and the authors extended and the authors exposed to public condemnation. Constitutional means, and Constitutional means, and

ing to undermine or subvert the ex- tor, and a useful auxiliary to the pio- ish; and belonged to a past age. A couver's Island.

of consideration at our hands. To Gold was discovered in British Colum-ply was: "Let them enter."

ndex of public opinion.

In our National politics we shall evinor der to alter or modify our laws preliensive views of government, which lative to the Company, he would have were necessary to the times and to the inaugurated a different state of things; the parent government, and determinedly oppose every influence tend.

British Golonist" a welcome visied sordid; was exclusive and anti-Brita wound which it will take years to heal.

tention. Particular interest will be lumbia, we have to deal directly with the other course than a liberal and expansive their claim to "exclusive trade," by taken in the absorbing questions now representative of Her Majesty. There policy. We arrived among the earliest, granting a license to trade, or by prompt-before the British North American being no Executive Council in either of We seen saw and learned enough to by imposing a duty for the Company's colonies: The union of these colonies, these Colonies responsible to the people, convince us that a great gold country benefit, as is said was the case at first representation in the imperial parliament, the Pacific railroad, and the consequently a much more delicate task quence was, death to monopoly. How means the trader would have followed overland wagon road and telegraph. overland wagon road and telegraph. of public affairs here, than it would be by friends, in the colony or out of it, to and thousands who have left our shores In our local politics we shall be in our sister Colonies, where the Gover-entertain the views expressed in his dis-would have remained to add millions to found the sure friend of reform. We not is not held responsible for acts done patch of that period, (May 8, 1858), we our productive wealth. know not. , For ourself when we read it A favorable season was frittered away

bia, chronicle its progress, and assist engage in the introduction of all the tion occurred early. Instead of taking press, instead of denouncing Fraser's in the establishment of excessary poin the establishment of excessary poin a few weeks the foundation of a nation open to free trade and colonization; our jealous advocates. duties which we cheerfully impose on courseif. Our columns will ever be open to publish their griorances, and the most prominent person here at this used to demand reddess at the hands used to demand redess at the hands auspicious season. He was the only one his policy approximate to "masterly incannot stay to shiver and starve; we of the proper authorities," who could with color of right interfere, activity;" published obstructive procla-shall return. Who then is responsible Our industrial resources will find Ital he then taken due advantage of nations for acts; and excused all by a for this wholesale depopulation of the

us a warm friend. Every effort shall[that happy combination of circumstan-doubtful claim to "exclusive trade an Such were not the measures which

would entitle the author to the most ex-

Some responsibility was taken, howwould have been clearly entitled to a ever. The blockade was ended, and In the discharge of our duty, when special reward at the hands of his Sov-foreign vessels allowed to navigate ure could not have been conceived; nor lic service, we shall applaud merit, His life would have been honored; his one more worthy of commendation. assumed, and the country opened to Unfortunately for these colonies Gov. trade and settlement? Certainly the resources of the country were betterknown

More than was done was expected from isting connections between the colon-neers of British Columbia and Van-wily diplomacy shrouded all. An Ad-the Chief-Factor of the Hudson's Bay ministration so marked-one with a Company. The Chief-Factor, in the We shall give a careful summary doubtful claim to "exclusive trade and opinion of all here, could have proved of inter-colonial politics and news. GOV. DOUGLAS' ADMINISTRATION. benefited the Company more, and in-From the outset, we could see no jured the colony less, had he acted on

as will tend to government according. The few observations which we pro- we were astonished. From his reputa- without proper encouragement being to the well understood wishes of the pose to make on the course pursued by tion we expected any thing but a recom- shown to a hardy and enterprising popupeople. It will be a primary object our Executive, are prompted solely mendation almost tantamount to a pro-lation to settle down in the country. with us to advocate such changes as will by a desire to promote the prosperity of hibition of the immigrants. It is incom- The small amount of progress which was tend to establish self-government. The these Colonies, and not to awaken in the prehensible io us how any person could made, is not one per cent of what could present Constitution we hold is radical-bubble a feeling hostile to the person of think that England—the foremost compliance is not one per cent of what could present Constitution we hold is radical-bubble a feeling hostile to the person of think that England—the foremost compliance is not one per cent of what could be present think that England—the foremost compliance is not one per cent of what could be person of think that England—the foremost compliance is not one per cent of what could be present think that England—the foremost compliance is not one per cent of what could be present the person of think that England—the foremost compliance is not one per cent of what could be present the person of the p by defective, and unsuited to the advanced condition of this colony. We shall counsel the introduction of responsible government—a system long. sponsible government -a system long of His Excellency any favor; conse-giance or give security for their good be hand saw necessary to secure the reward established in British America, by quently have received no refusal calcula-havior," ere they should be allowed to of persevering industry. Fraser's river which the people will have the whole ted to create a private pique. We are engage in industrial pursuits. To think would, to day, stand high abroad; great and sole control over the local affairs and always have been his well-wisher. of the colony. In short we shall advocate a Constitution modelled after the has pursued; believing that he has depotism—making a breach through left his port, not a tithe would have the British, and similar to that of Ca-been prompted to the performance of which Constitutional laws, enlightened gong. The majority of the Lillooet their acts, by unconstitutional advisers, which religion, the peaceful arts of commerce, cutres would have remained, had it not In every thing that concerns British have tended to retard the progress of could be introduced to shackled mil-bem gressly mismanaged, and 100,000 We do believe that no man ever had a lions of that character, is to us unac- when a third of the amount would have permanent interest. The interests of more favorable opportunity to distinguish countable. Fortunately for these colo-sufficed. Provisions would have been the two colonies, we believe, are iden-himself as a statesman than Gov. Doug-nies an enlightened minister presided penty; the upper Fraser thoroughly tical, and shall receive an equal share las. Everything conspired in his favor, over the colonial department, where re-prospected; permanent settlements made, and the material wealth of the colony foster the settlement of British Colum-bia. Tous of thousands came eager to The great mistake of the administra-brigely increased. To day the California

of our Executive were good; that he is clamation. If before, we believe that in from the Governor on the subject. than an honest desire to benefit the counterprise in that direction. ffy; but to the prepondersting influences of the Hudson's Bay Company's the pleasure of chronicling measures counsellors—ever hostile to the interests bringing honor to the administration, and to the Governor which he would move at of civilization—we may attribute in a greater degree of prosperity to these the next sitting, relative to equalization great measure these disastrous conse-colonies. quences.

For a long period the Hudson's Bay 4858, that the "exclusive right to trade with the Indians," meant an "exclusive ent:—Hen. Speaker Helmeken, James right to trade and navigation." To us it Yates, T. J. Skinner, Dr. Kennedy, and was always a doubtful claim, and are J. W. McKay, Esq. Company claimed, under the license of was always a doubtin chain, and that it The Speaker said the first income confirmed in our opinion that it The Speaker said the first income now confirmed in our opinion that it The Speaker said the first income now confirmed in our opinion that it The Speaker said the first income now confirmed in our opinion that it The Speaker said the first income now confirmed in our opinion that it The Speaker said the first income now confirmed in our opinion that it The Speaker said the first income now confirmed in our opinion that it The Speaker said the first income now confirmed in our opinion that it is the first inco The proclamation annulling the license of 4858, does not mention any right but Pemberton was not present. Which was the "exclusive right to trade with the agreed to. the Executive and House of Assembly a different position was affirmed, though Hospital road by Mr. Skinner's, to unite the terfered with business, that it ought it approachts different position was affirmed, though Mr. Skinner stated that the control of the con it apparently differs with Her Majesty's the road was to afford greater convennot annulled in the proclamation. We cost was trifling. hope that the government will enlighten hope that the government will enlighten the public on this matter, which has had Commissioners to view the road before such an important bearing on the present administration.

the past would have been remedied by a more consummate policy in the future. But judging from a recent proclamation. establishing a tariff, and declaring Victoria to leave it to the Surveyor's Department.

a port of entry for British Columbia. Mr. Skinner deprecated any interfera port of entry for British Columbia. we think there is still great room ence with the duties of that department for amendment; and that the Executive must be surrounded by sordid advisers defray the expense? who desire to prostitute public good to who desire to prostitute public good to were made by appropriations from the suit private ends. If it was intended to Crown Land Fund. retard the advancement of British Colum-

common country, we cannot shut our remarked that the Saanitch Road was finrect trade of the world.

The reasons for this given in the pro-damation are the most peurile that were and the regular order was resumed. over offered by a law making power. Mr. Skinner said he was uncertain issue will appear punctually on Saturday morning.
We quote: "There is at present no of- whether it would be necessary to put- and contain a greater variety of reading matter. ficer in British Columbia empowered to chase the land over which the road would levy the duties aforesaid, nor any station

The Speaker replied that it would dein the said colony at which the said dytles can be conveniently levied, or at
which an officer can CONVENIENTLY be quired to purchase the land. Allowed

A Proclamation, dated Dec. 3rd, having force of
the law, is stuck up on the Fort gate, giving power to
the foregrow of Brush Columbia to convey lands in
which an officer can CONVENIENTLY be quired to purchase the land. Allowed posted." This we view as a great blun- to lay over posted." This we view as a great blunder. For why were not the interests and convenience of British Columbia consulted instead of the convenience of an officer? It cannot be supposed that Gov. Dougles wishes the public abroad to under intended to make it level with the grade of the street. a station. At home the people will shortly demonstrate its practicability. By order of Gov. Douglas lots were sold at Langley to a very large amount. Did occasion. He would now mention that it occur to His Excellency that in mak-it would be necessary also to vote money. stand that Langley is an unfit place for of the street.

to the tardy, ill-digested, and il-advised tually a direct injury to the purchasers? of Waddington street. policy of our Executive that housands Why was it not made known at the time of sale? It was either his intention be-some time ago made a motion for the fore the sale or after it to make the pro-We firmly believe that the intentions fore the sale or after it to make the pro-

too honorable a gentleman, md too sen-all fairness it should have been made sible to contemporaneous and posthu-public. If after, then it must appear mous fame, to have enterained other as a cool design to check the spirit of en-libere was a "Blue Book" in his poss-

For the future we trust we will have

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

proclamation. If that Company did lence in traveling between Craig Flower ton have the exclusive right, they have it and the Hospital: that it would run sary still, as far as the public knows, for it is around Esquimalt Harbour; and that the

Mr. Yates thought it was necessary to any appropriation was made.

we did suppose that the mistakes of as a gentleman well qualified for the duty.

Wr. McKay differed with the hon, gen
Mr. McKay differed with the hon, gen
Mr. McKay was in favor of road tleman, and thought Mr. Langford had commissioners.

The Speaker thought it would be better

Mr. McKay inquired what fund would tion.

The Speaker replied that new roads

Here an iregular discussion occurred on bia, we believe it is well calculated to active to the East Road; that it was inconvenient to travel from that road to Esquimat that permission was granted, and that properties that the tendency might be to the Though the tendency might be to the Harbour, as you had to either go by Craig the House would make an appropriainterest of Victoria, still as a lover of our Flower Bridge or Victoria. The Speaker tion to meet the expense. eyes to the insane and unjust policy of ished. Mr. Yates said that if the old excluding British Columbia from the di-bridge at the rapids was in good repair. a road connecting the East road and

Mr. Yates said that Mr. McKay had if the Speaker had received any message

The Speaker replied that he had receiv ssion at the service of any person who would make application. He would see that the ben, member should have it. He would now give notice of an address of the duties on British and Foreign ves sels; the repeal of license of steamers and lighters plying between Victoria and Esquimalt, and for the abolition of charges for clearance on vessels in the The Speaker said the first in order was land or ship merchandise between the hours of g a. m. and 4 p. m. should be altered, and that the House should see that it was done.

Mr. Yates said the Custom House

Mr. McKay said there was no Custom House, and that it was unneces

Mr. Skinner differed in opinion, 411 and thought a Custom House neces-

The Speaker said some appropriations were necessary for petty roads.

Mr. Yates said it was absolutely necessary to appoint road commissioners. Without them the public highways could not be kept in good condi-

Dr. Kennedy concurred with the

Mr. Yates moved that the House grant permission to repair the road in the vicinity of Dr. Kennedy's farm.

Adjourned till Tuesday next at 11

iany items of interest have been deferred, and our and contain a greater variety of reading matter.

sinted a member of the Counsel for Vancouver Island, in the place of the Hon. Mr. Todd, resigned

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Dec 7th-Str Fanta Cruz, Fauntleroy, Fan Fran

isco.

Sth.—Schr Franklin, Smith Port Townsend,
Wild Pigeon, Jones, Port Townsend,
Wild Pigeon, Jones, Port Townsend,
Wild Pigeon, Jones, Port Townsend,
Schr Barver, Swanson, Preser viver.
Str Ott r, Mouat, France viver.
Schr Mary Ann, Tucker, Langley,
9th—Sloop Leonede, Alten, Port Townsend,
Schr Meryla, Trigard, Langley,
10th—Str Santa Crus, Fauntlerey, Port Town

Schr Inc. Lawton, Fraser rive Schr Harriet, Coffin, Port Townsend.

CLEARED.

Dec 7th-Schr Wild Duck, Ross, Port Townsend, Schr Morning star, McKay, Nanaimo, 8th-Schr Page, Obery, Port Townsend, Schr Nagaino Parket, Walker, Nanaimo, Schr Sherman, Smith, Port Townsend, 9th-Santa vur, Faustlevoy, Port Townsend, 10th-Jusephene Hewitt, Hewitt, Praser river, 11th, Schrauser, Nanaimo, Francisco, 11th-Str Beaver; Swanson, Franer river

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for One Year. Sir Months. Three Months.

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way.-Recent events have given more tance from Quebec to Halifax is 600 Montreal Gazette. miles, and his estimate of the cost of the Railway, 5,000,000 pounds sterling. Rose's words as reported :-

1,500,000 pounds sterling from the im- of roads leading to or through the properial authorities for public works in Ca- perty purchased. nada. About half of this amount had contribution on the part of England to roads. national than colonial in its character, the purchaser until he has actually made each daily. (Hear.) Thus 5,500,000 out of 5,000, a settlement. Provisions are also made 000 pounds-which was the largest esti- to reserve land for schools.' mate of the cost of the work-would be secure.

itself it is proposed to raise the remain-can immediately point out to him the ing 4,500,000 pounds. We believe land on which to settle, for which he last year, and became satisfied of its feas- and convenience." ibility. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick are deeply anxious to have the road, measure, which cannot but be attended and would pay of their ability to obtain it. And it is the only thing which would make valuable the portion of the Grand Trunk Railroad below Quebec. The Govermment calculation is that the proposed rate of interest agreed on between parties road will pay the working expenses. If may be exacted. When no rate is specso, it would, no doubt, he better to have ified, the rate is to be six per cent. it. The international considerations which Banks are restricted to seven per cent. may be urged in favor of it are weighty. and as we have before pointed out the discovery of gold at Fraser River may, the organ of the Administration party plete. It is already in operation thro 42,862 souls and 9.910 voters in the before very long, lead to its being a por tion of an Atlantic and Pacific Railroad. Undoubtedly, the inter-oceanic road will. in the course of time, be built, step by step, as the continent fills up with population and wealth, the joint product of its natural resources and human labor, ritory amounts to 22,724, 18 dollars The finances of the Province are cer-against 18,465,272 dollars last year. paper, expired on the 28th August.

tainly not in a state to induce one to look with a favorable eye on any grand scheme, leaving Grenville-on the Ottawa river-CANADA. -THEINTER-COLONIAL RAIL- based on good commercial or other esti- on our right, the chateau of a celebrated ing before Judge Betts for the dissignificance to this grand scheme than It has already speculated enough for its the fermer Speaker of the Lower House people have hitherto attached to it. revenue-more than suits the comforts of and originator of the Rebellion of 1857. The resolutions of Mr. Macdonald, the Minister charged with finding the It is in the midst of a large seigniory the Eldridge street prison, as a witness moved by Rose during his illness, which ways and means; but there is no good here, La Petite Nation, of which he is on hehalf of the United States. A we have previously published, put it in a reason why the country should not conpossible or feasible shape. According to sider favorably such a scheme as that yards of the river side, on a low hill, friend who visited him tells us that he the survey of Major Robinson, the dis- submitted the other day by Mr. Rose .- half hidden by foliage, and with abund- found him without shoes or stockings,

already been constructed, and 64 in vigorously with the question of Emigra- minds one of the pictures of old Norman out of five millions. For the Canadian millions of acres, the greater part of tained the patriarchal age of four score part of the scheme, we recapitulate Mr. which is of an excellent quality. The years, and either through indifference, price of the land is three shillings per or natural decay of his mental powers, "Canada would aid the undertaking acre, to actual settlers, if paid for in takes little or no interest in the present in this way. Some years ago, we, thro' cash-the money in all cases to be ex-noisy politics of the country.-Acad. Lord Sydenham, borrowed a sum of pended in the opening and improvement Rec.

ing, while the amount would be a small fifteen pounds worth of Jabor on the for alleged illegality of transfer of officer

The Globe says :

In addition to this there are 4,000,000 lands upon our shores, that the Emilime will soon come when a man shall drop that gems the lily's bell. It acres of land in New Brunswick and Can-grant Agent will be ready to attend upon ada, along the line of the road, to be giv-him, he will find plans of the land in en towards it, worth little now, but por- the office, with descriptions of quality, of land in one of his waistcoat pockets;" tions of which would become valuable, The Emigrant Agent will, after giving with the road passing through them. On him full information, conduct him to lieve it, sir; but he will be able to carry the land and the credit of the enterprise the County and District Surveyor, who all the crop in the other pocket." Messrs. Macdonald and Rose gave the can have his option either to pay in labor question much attention when in London or money, as best suits his inclination

This is what we call a sound practical with the most beneficial consequences.

The Canadian Usury Act, as amended last session, permits that hereafter any

The taxable property of Oregon ter-

Louis J. Papineau.-Shortly after mates, requiring a large outlay of money. Canadian public man, Louis J. Papineau, charge of an English sailor boy, only ance of forest in the back ground. It is complaining that the slivers of the a substantial, irregular, and rather pic-floor ran into his feet and made flom New Brunswick .- The New Bruns- turesque looking, stone building, with bleed; that he had no shoes for 100 miles of the road in Canada have wick Government appears to be dealing towers and high pitched roof, and remonths. The last, it was ascertained, Nova Scotia. With these branches made tion in that Province. The system in-chateaux. Here dwells, seemingly in it is calculated that 5,000,000 will complete the work, estimating the cost of repealed, and a new Emigrant Agent, hard-fought political battle, who with all port, addressed a petition for his. reconstruction at 10,000 pounds per mile. Mr. Shives, has been appointed in place his errors, was unquestionably, when in lease to the United States District To raise this sum Nova Scotia and New of Mr. Perley. New Brunswick offers a his prime, one of the most talented men Judge, who very properly rebuked Brunswick ask imperial guarantee of large field for Emigration, the quantity and, according to most accounts, the the barbarous practice complained of their Bonds to the amount of 1,000,000 of land at the disposal of the Governpounds sterling each, thus finding two ment being little if at all short of twelve ever produced. Mr. Papineau has atbe entered at once.—New York paper.

An act was passed at the last session "The regulations will only require the of the Canadian Parliament to allow can appreciate. Full many hearts been since repaid, or rather was to the purchaser to clear two acres the first two Heads of Departments to exchange offices overflowing with sublime thoughts and credit of Canada as a sinking fund. It years, and to occupy and reside there without re-election. The Brown miniswas now proposed that if England would one year, and clear five acres before the try being displaced, three of the present fire " to hold enraptured thousands was now proposed that it ringular would be grant expires, the purchaser can in all Gabinet having exchanged offices, action its spells. The "thoughts that whole debt, she would be prepared to cases pay for the land in labor, if desitions have been commenced at Toronto breathe" are there, but not the words appropriate it for the construction of that rous of so doing; thus virtually giving against hon'bls. John A. Macdonald, that burn. Nature's own inspiration railway. It would thus cost Canada noth- to the settler the land, if he will perform Sidney Smith and P. M. Vankoughnet without re-election. The penalties sought an unkertaking which would be more "The title of the land not to yest in to be recovered is 500 pounds from

> LORD KAMES' PROPHECY .- In a con-upon the broad blue sky; it twin "The Emigrant will find, when he ener, one day, he said, "George, the be able to carry the manure for an acre glows in the gorgeous colors of the deto which the gardener replied, "Lbe ed crest of the glittering storm-cloud.

> > ADMIRALS IN THE UNITED STATES NAVY .- At last, we have an admiral in the navy. The Navy Department, it is rumored, has just decided that naval captains, when in charge of expeditions similar to that now about to start for South America, shall be justified in assuming N. Y. Times does not believe there the title of, and be entitled to the honors are quite so many, inasmuch as the and salutes of an admiral. Accordingly, last census only showed 9,000 colored Admiral Shubrick now flies his broad flag voters. The entire negro population at the fore instead of the main, where of that State, when the census was Yankee commodores have hitherto located taken, 1855, was 45,286. their pennants.

Admission. - The Salem Statesman, Sydney and Melbourne, is nearly com-counties of Oregon, that there are at the seat of government in Oregon, Victoria, between Melbourne and Alb-territory. demands the admission of that terri- any; and through New South Wales tory as a State by the next Congress. from Sydney, as far as Gundagai, within thirty hours of Albany.

The Empire, a well known Australian

WITNESSES .- In our legal reports will be bund an account of a proceedfifteen years of age, who has been con were destroyed by the rats. Mr.

UNWRITTEN POETRY. - Far down in the depths of the human heart there is a fountain of pure and hallowed feeling, from which, at times, swell up a tide of emotion which words are powertess to express-which the soul alone holy imagining, need but the " pen of fills the heart with emotions too deep for utterance, and with the poetry of the heart lies forever concealed in its own mysterious shrine."

Unwritten poetry! It is stamp versation of Kord Kames with his gard- in every star. It mingles in the ocean's surge, and glitters in the dew cline of day, and rests in the blacken-It is on the mountain's height, and in the cataract's roar-in the towering oak, and in the tiny flower, where we can see the hand of God, there beauty finds her d velling place.

> NEGRO VOTERS .-- It is claimed that there are at present 11,000 negro voters in the State of New York. The

OREGON."-It appears from the re The electric telegraph, between ports of the Assessors of the various

> Why is fine woman like a looe tive? Because she draws a train after her, scatters the sparks, transportathe mails (males), and makes us forget time and space.